# Partnering and Building Opportunities Within North Carolina: A Qualitative Analysis of the Lineberger Comprehensive Cancer Center Clinical and Research Internship for Black, Indigenous, and People of Color (BIPOC) Undergraduate Students

Aryana Daye, BS, Sherette Godfrey, PhD Andrea Walens, PhD, Veronica Carlisle, MPH, Barbara Austin, M.Ed, Carrie Lee, MD, Ashley Leak Bryant, PhD, RN

UNC Lineberger Comprehensive Cancer Center, University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill

### Background

- ~45% of the US population are racial and ethnic individuals, however, this percentage is not represented in the cancer clinical trial participant population
- How can we enhance diversity of the clinical trial workforce?
- To address this practice and research gap in clinical trial participation Lineberger Comprehensive Cancer Center (LCCC) partnered with North Carolina Central University (NCCU), a historically black college and university (HBCU), to foster oncology workforce interest among undergraduate BIPOC students.

#### Aims

- Explore program expectations and perceptions of students and mentors through semi-structured pre and post internship interviews and focus groups.
- 2. Evaluate strengths and areas of improvement in program from qualitative data.

#### **Solutions and Methods**

- 10-week summer cancer clinical research internship
  - clinical trial training and professional development
  - discussion of communication styles, creation of a LinkedIn profile, cancer clinical career panels, revision of their curriculum vitae or resume, and financial literacy
- Descriptive, qualitative approach
- Students (n=5) and mentors (n=5) met bi-weekly to discuss roles of clinicians, scientists, and scholars in cancer and provided ongoing emotional and professional development support.
- Mentor interviews and intern focus groups explored expectations, impressions, experience, concerns, and feedback.
- Data was coded and analyzed for reoccurring topics and curriculum alterations.
  - "So for me the highlights were the more casual conversation, the more like unstructured time that we had together." - Mentor

Aryana Daye | aryana1@live.unc.edu



- "...even though there were, you know, like little bumps in the road or some inconsistencies, I still gained an experience that I probably wouldn't have gained anywhere else. And just being at UNC as a Black girl, that means a lot period. So I feel like, yeah, I wouldn't regret it."—Intern
- "...we got to meet a lot of people, make connections, and we were able to email and speak to other people. And the networking part, it's important which is really helpful." -Intern

#### **Outcomes**

- Qualitative analysis was integral to shaping the content, quality, and participant (mentor and intern) satisfaction, exemplified the essentiality to encourage and address continuous feedback to meet students' and mentors' needs.
- The overarching need for representation and equitable support
- Curriculum revision, on-campus housing, increased mentor involvement, and year-round career development and skill-building workshops.
- Differentiated summers: overview of cancer clinical trials and professional development (summer 1) and tailored curriculum and exposure (summer 2).

## **Implications**

- Importance of programs exposing BIPOC individuals to various research and career options
- Expanding similar program collaborations in other communities

## Acknowledgement

We would like to thank the UNC Lineberger Comprehensive Cancer Center and the V Foundation for their generous support for the program, Mechanisms to Enhance Our Workforce and Accrual of BIPOC Individuals into Clinical Trials.





