Single Institution Experience of Integrating Radiation Oncology Clinical Research Into **Comprehensive Cancer Center CTO**

Background

Radiation Oncology (RO) Clinical Research experienced significant growth under new leadership from 2 therapeutic accruals in 2015 to 56 in 2020. This growth was mainly driven through a newly established departmental program supporting development of investigator-initiated trials (IIT). Of the 56 therapeutic accruals in 2020, 47 were to IITs and 9 to NCI's National Clinical Trials Network (NCTN) trials. Corresponding nontherapeutic and non-interventional accruals were 0 in 2015 and 22 in 2020. RO Clinical Research operations were supported by 5 full-time equivalent (FTE) staff funded by the RO department. The RO office was following most Cancer Center (CC) Clinical Trials Office (CTO) standard operating procedures (SOPs) but was not under operational control of CTO.

Goals

- Provide operational oversight of RO clinical research activity.
- Support RO principal investigators (PIs) with existing central CTO services including protocol development, regulatory, and finance support.

Methods

- **Discussed** rational radiation oncology under CTO operati with RO and CC le
- Identified stakehol and financial implic
- Crafted shared visi expanded support and combined ope unified CTO
- Crafted transition collaboration with

#total visits #total deviations % deviations to visits

Deviation

40%	
30%	
20%	
10%	
0%	

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ale and need for	RO integration proceeded from January to J
y research to be	existing RO staff to an experienced CTO tea
tional control	processes to identify differences or deficient
eadership	full access to central CTO resources to RO
older concerns	step was the full transition of existing RO en
ications	Despite a CC wide charge back to the PIs d
sion for	costs for the RO department are lower than
t of RO research	2021 therapeutic clinical trial accruals were
erations under a	2 to NCTN), likely secondary due to staff tur
	and non-interventional accruals were stable
plan in	resigned during the transition. Currently 5 C
RO leadership.	trials. No change in number or quality of RO

2020		2021		2022 (Jan-April)			
IUSCCC -all	Radonc	IUSCCC -all	Radonc	IUSCCC -all	Radonc		
7342	510	6925	440	2415	82		
1152	170	892	138	192	19		
16%	33%	13%	31%	8%	23%		
an to Visit Ratio		Integration start 31%	23%	Lo fo to in R SU SU	Conclusions: Longstanding efforts for RO integration led to initiation of integration in 2021. RO integration was successfully completed using a six-		
2020 2021 		2022 (Jan-Apr) Continuing to fall n Over 24 months si		onth transition plan, ith deviations ontinuing to fall now ver 24 months since art of the integration.			

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Results

July 2021. The first step was a <u>change in reporting</u> of eam manager, tasked with review of training and cies. A key element of the second step was providing Pls, requiring use of CTO services for IITs. The final mployees into the CTO, including cost-shifting salaries. department for support of active IITs, clinical research before the transition.

<u>reduced</u> in comparison to 2020 to n=27 (n=25 to IITs, irnover and Covid-19 pandemic. 2021 non-therapeutic e at n=19. Of note, three out of five employees

CTO FTE plus a shared manager are assigned to RO O PI complaints is noted. Deviations are falling.